## The Chronicle.

NEBLETT & GRANT PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS

> R. W. THOMAS, Editor. Clarksville, Tonn. :

South have misconstrued both his acts and expressed opinions in regard to restoration. We had supposed and still believe, that the President, in believed to be righteons.

We have passed, we are called to number our promising young friend, Brs. W. Colemas. When the supposed and still believe, that the President, in believed to be righteons. did not intend to require, as a condition, that they should repudiate their best men, and adopt measures wholly at variance with all preconceived views

When we read, in our southern exchanges terest, and seized his musket to avenge, what he considered his country is wrongs, and peril his life and fortune in what he believed a righteous cause.

Brayely did he bear the tolls and dangers of the COATS SPOOL COTTON.

SHAKER FLANNELS, 75 cents per yard;

4-4 DOMESTICS, 35 cents per yard;

SPRAGUE'S, COEHECO'S, AMERICAN AND COTTON.

OTHER PRINTS.

COATS SPOOL COTTON.

Union, and put the colored people just where your old women and minor sons are to-night in the State of New York." The fact that Mr. Wilson felt called upon to make this denial proves that a different construction is put upon the power sought for ir that amendment, by some of his own party, and that their construction is the true one gains additional confirmation from the fact, that the section ditional confirmation from the fact, that the action of the Southern States places "the colored people" still troubling restless politicians, of the progressive exactly where Mr. Wilson says the amendment school, who seem to forget one of the leading tenets comfort and care for his parents in their declining will enable the radical Congress to place them.—

of our own political creed—that the people have a years. He died in Todd county, Ky., Sept. 12th, If this is already done by State action, why seek to give Congress the power to do the same over the Mexicans prefer an empire, it is none of our "Jesus can make" again? The game is deeper than this.

But suppose Mr. Wilson to be right, he is, by his own admission, seeking to infringe the right of the States to regulate their own domestic affairs, and with the political institutions of another, displays with the political institutions of another, displays Columbia. And yet the Herald tells us that the Columbia. And yet the Herald tells us that the refusal of Mississippi to surrender its constitutional rights, by an endorsement of this amendment, has meriously affected the future policy of the President," and "endangered the admission" of Southern delegates in the next Congress. This may be true, but it is inconsistent with the earlier declarations of the President, who has avowed his opposition to negro suffrage, at this time, because it would lead to a war of races, and also, his appreciations of the president of the presid would lead to a war of races, and also his opposition to a centralized government at Washington. into the Senate, by Mr. Trimble. We will not blot The proposed amendment of the Constitution tends our paper with the preamble which singles our directly to the consumation of both these radical Jeff Davis, his Cabinet, and Gen. Lee as fit subjects WILL please take notice that the next objects—first, because the power, in Congress, to for the gallows. And, right here, we venture the legislate for the negro, in the States, will culminate prediction, that the name of Jeff. Davis will be hon-legislate for the negro, in the States, will culminate prediction, that the name of Jeff. Davis will be hon-legislate for the negro, in the States, will culminate prediction, that the name of Jeff. Davis will be hon-legislate for the negro, in the States, will culminate prediction, that the name of Jeff. Davis will be hon-legislate for the negro, in the States, will culminate prediction, that the name of Jeff. Davis will be hon-legislate for the negro, in the States, will culminate prediction. in negro suffrage, and, secondly, because this pow-er cannot be granted without demolishing the land-of this resolution will have been forgotten, or remarks of State rights. The President may de-membered to his shame: mand its adoption by the States, as one of the preliminary steps towards restoration; but such crimes against their fellow men, and the United demand cannot make the act constitutional, nor permit it from being subversive of reserved rights, and antagonistic to the fundamental idea of our whole system of government. A simple proposition of the law, and be held as infamous to the constitutional proposition of the law, and be held as infamous to the fundamental lates of the law, and be held as infamous office, opposite National Hotel tion so to amend the Constitution as to abolish forever. slavery throughout the United States, would, we ed to be printed for the use of the Scante. South; but, when to that amendment is appended Bon. What has become of the legions of demo power to confer the right of suffrage upon the ne- are they? Echo answers, nowhere! gro, we cannot believe, although Mr. Seward affirms it, that President Johnson will insist upon a land will pay, in some shape, the damages which compliance with a demand that the States shall land will pay, in some shape, the damages which surrender the last stronghold of liberty as a propitiatory offering to the demons of Northern fanaticism. If the Southern fanaticism. If the Southern States are not to be admitted into the Union until they cede to Congress, the right to lead to be admitted into the Union until they cede to Congress, the right to legislate for them, in matters purely An Act disqualifying all Rebels and traitors from domestic, they may as well be out, as in, so far as | holding offices, either civil or military, in the State liberty is concerned; for, whether in or out, they will be the mere dependencies of a centralized gov- WHEREAS, By the rebellion and traitorous teachernment. If Senator Wilson's interpretation of the py and prosperous Government has been rashly and proposed amendment be correct, its effect must be precipitately plunged into a "civil war" by which robbiterate the respective limits of Federal and rivers of blood have been poured out, and millious rivers of blood have been poured out, and millious State authority, and to erect a consolidated power at Washington. Such was the intention of the radical Congress that proposed it, and we cannot State set at manght and greatly jeopardized; therebelieve that Andrew Johnson, after all his professions to the contrary, intends to become a party to
such a scheme for the subversion of popular liberty,
have voluntarily and of their own free will and
The proverb I've quoted, no doubt, you've all heard, and the erection of a practical monarcy upon the rules of the Republic. The Southern States have from being fit and proper persons to hold office in and under this Government; and that they be declared disqualified forever from holding any office, clared disqualified forever from holding any office, clared disqualified forever from holding any office, cither civil or military under the government of VEST. and the erection of a practical monarcy upon the accord went into the said unrighteen set unholy. The from it, at present, I claim but a word—rebellion, have voluntarily disqualified themselves. This the covering part, I will take for my theme;

Filly and of their own free will and accord, to and profibited from practising in the sociation and profession of the law in any of the courts of the southern delegates will be this State.

If the North waged war upon the South to profession of the law in any of the courts of this State.

If the war was intended to their and the courts of the law in any of the courts of this State.

If the war was intended to their and the courts of the law in any of the courts of the court while be a fair test of northern intentions towards beight of absurdity, and a slipper from the fact of They can't covered ting her can cover all signers.

Not 17, 65-3m.

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maniles in condemn We thank the Present Times for giving us 

debt; of Mississippl, in refusing to take up and pass the constitutional amendment abolishing slavery, is believed to have seriously affected the future policy of the President concerning those States, and to have endangered the admission of their delegates in the next Congress. Had Mississippi cheerfully passed the amendment, a general amnestic would have been at once declared in favor of all would have been at once declared in favor of all passed the policy of the President concerning those States, and to distinguish between the sternest requirements of justice and the inflictions of wanton cruelty. When we see such a people thrust beyond the pale of the DIFD,

Constitution, stripped, one by one, of the highest privileges of freemen and degraded to the level of the policy of the President concerning those States, and the inflictions of wanton cruelty. When we see such a people thrust beyond the pale of the DIFD, Rebels; as it is, but few amnestica will in all prob-ability, be hereafter greated to citizens of those negros, is it strange that we should feel the wrong of Mrs. Elvira Kidd, of Paducah, Ky., formerly The same is true of Georgia and South and honestly protest against it? We will do our of this county, caroline. The action of their conventions has not cotemporary the justice to believe that he feels we military government and martial law will be the are right, and that he knows the shortest road to union and harmony, runs not thro' bitter proscrip-Either the Herald has mis-aken the views and tion and ungenerous exactions. Our rulers may feelings of President Johnson, or the people of the not see things in this light, but the outside world have fallen victims to the horrid war through which

When we read, in our southern exchanges

of States rights. The abolition of slavery by the organic law of South Carolina, and the annulment of the secession ordinance by the Convention, were the conditions imposed, and promptly accepted; and this being done, we had supposed that the election of an honorable and true man to the office of Governor could give no offense to the government of the United States, nor in any way compromise the peace of the country.

The Herald further informs us that the refusal of the secession of the secession ordinance by the Convention, were almost persuaded that the picture is a reality. But a glance at the hostile attitude of the republican majority, in the North, dispells the illusion. From that majority, we have nothing to expect but implacable hate, and a persecution limited only by the power to inflict. We hard not be army he was a favorite with those who knew him. Most of his military life was spent in Virginia, his native state, and the thunders of more than five hunders of more than five hunders of and vicinity, were heard and felt at his birth place, likical and social subjection to his former slave. or the failure, of Mississippi to "pass the constitutional amendment abolishing slavery," is an error of the same character, and is likely to be punished by "the rigor of military government and martial law." And what is the amendment to the Federal Constitution which Mississppi did not adopt? Is it said, and with truth, that the President stands, as a break-water, between the North and South, to stay the tide of oppression which threatens to sweep away the last vestige of liberty and prosperity.

But can he, will he stand the shock, unmoved?—

But can he, will he stand the shock, unmoved?—

In an age of stern, heroic virtue, martyrdom may the Mississppi did not adopt? Is the Mississppi did not adopt? Is the figure are also because of the camp. Chronic Diarhea, from which he never recovered. the Herald informs us? On the contrary, we are sanctify a righteous cause and teach that death is recovered. told by some leading Republicans that it confers preferable to abucgation of all that makes life desiupon Congress the power to legislate for tife negro
in the Southern States, and that such legislation riotism, integrity, duty, all disappear like phantoms in the Southern States, and that such legislation will be so directed as to secure to the negro the right of suffrage. It is true, that Senator Wilson denies this extent of power as confered by the amendment, but says: "We can, under that Constitutional provision, declare null and void all the black code legislation of any of the States of the

> That great humbug, the Monroe doctrine, is business, and they have the same right to put down

Laid over under the rule, and 1,000 copies order-

a clause giving to Congress the power to "declare crats, in the North, who were coming up by States null and void all the black code legislation of any to help the President to rescue the South from the of the States" and constructive, if not absolute Harpies that are preying upon its vitals? Where

Bon Some of the French Journals say that Eng

honestly, to observe the terms proposed as the price of reconstruction. To ask more, is to take an ungenerous advantage of their situation, and to render the government of the construction. To ask more, is to take an ungenerous advantage of their situation, and to render the construction of their situation, and that they intend the price of the construction. To ask more, is to take an ungenerous advantage of their situation, and to render the construction of the construction of the construction. To ask more, is to take an ungenerous advantage of their situation, and to render the construction of Southern heart at abiding conviction, that the desolation of the South would be a far more agree-able spectacle to the majority in the North, than a second and harmonious Union. President Johnson has said that the Scuth can, and must, be trusted. We shall believe be meant what he said, until the contrary is proven.

South would be a far more agree-able spectacle to the majority in the North, than a second by the said government of this State. Sec. 2. Be it further enacted: That as many in a said that the Scuth can, and must, be trusted. We shall believe be meant what he said, until the contrary is proven.

We shall believe be meant what he said, until the contrary is proven.

South residence, either civit or military, under the laws and government of this State. For kirsing and telling was never yet fair.

South residence in the laws and government of this State. The writer of this, but I will not say when.

For kirsing and telling was never yet fair.

I was puzzled not long, for I thought of the name of REXINGER & CO., and went to the said and carrying on this rebellion, that they henceforth and forever to the south of the writer of this, but I will not say when.

For kirsing and telling was never yet fair.

I was puzzled not long, for I thought of the name of REXINGER & CO., and went to the said.

And my dear little charmer declared I looked nice:

Could scarcely believe when I told from whose aid, and that they shall, where the act has been voluntary. rily and of their own free will and accord, be debar-

to break up the Union, they will be rejected. This . Waxran - A correct standard for measuring the

MARRIED.

With the above announcement, we received the

OBITUARY. BENJAMIN W. COLEMAN.

Among the thousands of noble young men who

"Jesus can make a dying bed Feel soft as downy pillows are, While on his breast, I lean my head, And breathe my life out sweetly there."

GEO. R. BROWDER. LOGAN COUNTY, Oct. 1865.

Mew Advertisements.

A. A. DOAK. ATTORNEY AT LAW WILL practice in the Law and Equity Courts of Montgomery and adjoining counties.

Tobacco Planters AND TOBACCO BUYERS, T. D. LEONARD, Auctioneer.

Nov. 17, 1865-2w For Rent.

Nov. 17, 1865-1m\* TWENTY-FOUR GOOD MULES WANTED!

WISH TO PURCHASE TWENTY-FOUR GOOD WORK MULES, For which I will pay the cash. Persons having such mules for sale, will please call on SAMURE JORNSON, at my store. J. P. HELMS. Nov. 17, '65,-2t\*

NOTICE.

THERE WILL BE AN ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Clarksville and Hopkinsville Turnpike Company, at the Counting Room of the Northern Bank of Tennessee, on the FIRST MONDAY OF DEC., 1865, at 12 o'clock, M., for the transaction of important business.
M. D. DAVIE, Secretary.
Clarksville, Tenn., Nov. 10, 1865.-31

Auction Sale of Household and Kitchen Furniture.

ON Thursday, 30th of Nov., inst., I will sell to the bighest bidder, for cash, all of the House- IN GREAT VARIETY, AT LOW FIGURES bold and Kitchen furniture belonging to Mr. L. Straus, at the residence of H. Dunlap, on Com-Nov. 17, 1865-2w.

My COAT too, that they were none of the best. I runmaged my pockets, my finds they were low, At the party I wished to appear as a beau, Peeping out from her crinoline, promised to mout

Not 15 Column

Coulter & Hillman

Price List, Nov. 1865.

TERLETT & GRAN Terms--Three Dollars per Year TESTINO LAL OF BESTEET.

PLAIN DEBEGE DRESS GOODS. PACIFIC AND HAILTON DELAINS, FINEST ALL-WOOL DELAINES, POPLINS, PLAIDS & ALPACA DRESS GOODS: EMPRESS CLOTHS AND FRENCH MERINOS. ALL WOOL FLANNELS, WHITE and COLD, 50 cents to \$1 00 per yard SHAKER FLANNELS, 75 cents per yard;

OTHER PRINTS, COAT'S SPOOL COTTON, 25 cents per yard; 10 cents; SMITH'S NEEDLES, HEMMING'S NEEDLES, HEMMINGS ABBURGS, SKIRT BRAID,
HEAVY JEANS (all wool filling) 75 cts per yard;
HEAVY STRIPED OSNABURGS,
37 1-2 cents per yard;

HOOP SKIRTS, \$1 50 to \$3 00; WHALEBONE FRENCH CORSETS, ALEXANDER'S KID GLOVES,

LADIE'S CLOAKS

Tanting AT COST

READY-MADE

VERY CHEAP.

CLOTHS and CASSIMERES. GREAT VARIETY-VERY CHEAR

Prime Beaver Cloth for Overcoats --- Very Cheap.

LADIES' AND CHILDRENS' SHOES. Low Prices.

MEN'S BOOTS AND SHOES All Grades-Low Prices. MEN'S KIP SHOES, NO. 1, AT \$2 25.

CURTAIN DAMASKS, CARPETINGS,

OIL CLOTHS, All at Low Figures.

Ladies' Shawls,

HATS! Good Stock and Very Cheap.

WASHING MACHINESI NO HUMBUG

We invite the

Public to Call and examine our
Goods and Prices.

before me, a Justice of the Peace for Montgomery county, Tenn., the said defendant, alleged to be a non-resident of Tennessee, is hereby required to appear at my office, in Clarksville, in said county and State, on the 18th day of December 1865, and defend said attachment suit, or the same will be proceeded with at public ation hereof be made in the Clarksville agree.

Some that publication hereof be made in the Clarksville agree.

C. C. Cocke and G. W. Bryarly, vs. J. O. Shackel-By virtue of two writs of venditioni exponsation which issued from the office of the Circuit Court of Montgomery county, Tennessee, to me directed, I will expose to sale and self, to the highest bidder, for each, at the court house door, in the city of Clarksville. We invite the

Please Examine for Yourselves. Sign of the "Big Shoe.

Nov. 17, 65 H

WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD ON A SINGLE ARTICLE KEPT BY US.

CLARKSVILLE, TENN ...

SALE OF

GOVERNMENT PROPERTY!

WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION THE following Government Property, on

WEDENSDAY NOVEMBER 29rn, 1865.

Commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M. and continue from day to day, until the whole is disposed of, viz: 3 Boilers, double flued, 34 inches in diameter 8 Gylinders, 22 inches in diameter; 2 Water Wheel Shafts and Flanges; 2 Pitman, 22 feet long; 2 Heaters, 7 feet in diameter and 4 1-2 feet long; 2 Cranks, 5 feet long; 2 Pendulums; 4 Cams; 4 Cam Yokes; 4 Cam Hesters; 4 Cam Rod; 2 Tambling Shafts; 3 Mud Valves; 8 Patent Levers; 2 Throttle Valves; 4 Slides; 4 Cylinder Beds; 1 Safety Valve; 4 Plummer Blocks; 4 Plummer i Safety Valve; 4 Plummer Blocks; 4 Plummer Block Cape; 2 Chocks; 1 Large Steam Pipe; 1 Large Supply Pipe; 1 Doctor Wheel; 2 Pipes for Doctor Wheel; 1 lot of Brass belonging to two Engines; Lot of old Iroh, about 500 pounds; 2 Adres; 4 Ambulances; 3 Anvils; 12 Augurs; 1 Hollow Augur; 88 Axes; 9 Broad Axes; 15 Pick Axes; 3 Batges; 2 Wheel barrows; 1 Wag-05 Bed; 6 pair Bellows; 140 Halter Bolts; 4 King; Bolt; 91 Water Buckets; 7 Carts: 21 Ring; Chains; 108 Breast chains; 56 feet Endless chain; 40 Fifth chafts; 118 Halter chains; 6 Log chains; 25 Chisele; 7 wagon Covers; 6 Field Desks, 3 

if it can legally be exacted, is very much needed; the fear and dread of the people is very great of thieves and robbers. You will therefore assemble on the 7th day of December, 1865, at the Courthouse, in Clarksville.

L. M. BENTLEY, County Judge.

Nov. 17, 1865-3t

door in the city of Clarksville, at the court-house on the south by B. W. Hale, and on the east by J. J. Neblett; levied on as the property of Francis Dick, to satisfy this debt in favor of Allison, Anderson, in Clarksville.

On Monday, the 1st day of January, 1866, at ract of land in District No. 17, and contains 55 Dick, to satisfy this debt in favor of Allison, Anderson & Co.

Also all the right, title and interest J. D. and W. Bradshaw have in and to a tract of land situated about three miles above the city of Clarksville.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

I will, on Monday, 29th day of November, 1865, offer at public sale, on the farm of Thomas Cross, or known as the Henderson farm, about two miles from Clarksville, Tenn., on the Russellville pike, all of the perishable property of every description, belonging to said deceased, consisting of Corn, unstripped Tobacco, Wheat, Oats, Hay, Mules, Cows, Hogs, Farming Implements, etc. Also, at his farm on the Nashville pike, about four miles from Clarksville, on Monday, the 19th day of November, 1865, I will offer at public sale, all of the perishable property of every description, belonging to said deceased on said farm, consisting of Corn, unstripped Tobacco, Wheat, Oats, Hay, Pork Hogs, Stock Hogs, Cows, Horses, Mules, Farming Implements of every description, etc. Also, at the same ments of every description, etc. Also, at the same ments of every description, etc. Also, at the same ments of every description, belonging to said deceased on said farm, consisting of Corn, unstripped Tobacco, Wheat, Oats, Hay, Pork Hogs, Stock Hogs, Cows, Horses, Mules, Farming Implements of every description, etc. Also, at the same ments of every description, belonging to the perishal of the beginning to the cast of land levied on as the property of the city of the Lightest bidder, for the city of W. L Johnson, and bounded as follows beginning at a black onk, Shelton and Collina' corner, the cast of the city of W. L. Johnson, and bounded tract of land t

at public sale, a lot of Corn, Farming Implements Buggies, Carriages, Horses, Mules, and many other

things too tedious to mertion.

Trans Cass.—Those having claims against the estate, will present them, duly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law; and those indebted to the estate, will make immediate payment, as indulgence will not be given.

M. L. KHLEBREW,
Nov. 17, 1865—2w.

Executor Executor.

HOTEL AND FURNITURE FOR RENT. Jno. F. Couts et als, vs. Heirs and Creditors of S 10 A HOR. Moore.

In pursuance of an order made in this cause at the October Term, 1885, of the Chancery court at Clarksville, I will rent for the year 1866, on the premises, on December 4th, 1865, the House and Lot situated in the city of Clarksville, and known as Moore's Hotel. There are 40 good rooms to the house, besides the office, and parlors, and dining-rooms. I will also rent all of the furniture be-SHERIPF SALE.

SHERIPF SALE.

Also all the interest B. N. Hale has in the tract of land belonging to the edge of comes are well furnished. Terms—Cash enough to pay insurance and taxes; balance on 12 months credit. Notes with approved security required; also a bond for the delivery of the furniture at the end of the furniture will year. The note for the reat of the furniture will.

SHERIFF SALE.

Robert MeNeilly, vs. Jackson, McKerson & Co., 85 ais By virtue of two executions in my hands, which is used from the Chancery Court of Dickson county. Tennessee, against Jackson, McKerson & Co., et ala, in favor of Robert McNeilly, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House door, in the city of Clarkswille, Tennessee.

On Monday, the 18th day of December, 1865, the following described with the court house door, in the city of Clarkswille, Tennessee,

On Monday, the 18th day of December, 1865, the following described tract of land, containing Sixteen Hundred acres, more or less, and bounded as follows: on the North by John Davis. South boundary line, on the East by the lands of Anthony Collins, deceased, and the tract of land soid by Jackson. McKennon & Co., to W. N. Batton, on the South by the taset soil by them as N. C. & J. Weems, and on the West by the lands of Bele Rows, deceased. William Herry and Ben. Blackford known as the Tennessee Furnace tract.

O. M. BLACKMAN,
Deputy Sheriff Mentgomery county.

Nev. 13, 1965.—4:—Prs. fee. 20 00

SHERIFF SALE.

O. M. BLACKMAN,
Deputy Sheriff Montgomery county.
Nov. 17, 1865.—1;—Prs. fee, \$6 00.

SHERIFF SALE. O. Tinsley, Thomas Batson, Bell & Miller, Smith & Yarbrough, John Cholson, Wm. Moore, James Wilson, Wm. P. Moore, J. L. Phipps, Roach & Wright, F. A. Hannum, Miller & Kennedy, Jordan Moore, A. J. Binkley, Anthony Collins, Thos Martin, vs. Jackson, McKernen & Co.

SHERIFF : ALE.

Joshus Brown, Wood & Johnson, Allison Anderson & Co., vs. Nathan Gilbert.

Nov. 17, '65-4t-Pres fee, \$4 00

SHERIFF SALE.

longing to the house. All of the rooms are well furnished. Terms—Cash enough to pay insurance and taxes, balance on 12 months credit. Notes with approved security required; also a bond for the delivery of the furniture at the and of the year. The note for the rent of the furniture will be taken separate from that of the bouse. I will be taken separate from that of the bouse. I will be taken separate from that of the bouse. I will show the house to any one wishing to rent.

W. T. SHACKEL PORD, C. & M. & Recv. 1.

Nov. 17, 1865—4w—pr fee \$4.00—bills \$5,00.

Original Attachment on the ground of Non-resident of Tennessee, and contains 100 acres, and the house to a last of the highest bidder, for cash, at the court to done tract of land, lying on the south side of Cumberland river, in the county of Montgomery and State of Tennessee, and contains 100 acres, and to contend as follows: beginning at the northests corner of a sixty acres survey of John Steala, running thence north 127 poles to a red or black on a known into the highest bidder, for cash, at the court, bouse door, in the city of Clarks ville, on the left of the rentitive will be a stake and pointers in Simmon's lime, thence weak 127 poles to the beginning.

O. M. BLACKMAN,

Deputy Sheriff Montgomery county, Tennessee, and contains 100 acres, and the northests corner of a sixty acres survey of John Steala, running thence south 127 poles to a stake and pointers in Simmon's lime, thence weak 127 poles to the beginning.

O. M. BLACKMAN,

Nov 17, 65-41-Pr fee, \$14.00.

SHERIFF SALE.

Nov 17, 1865—a and sell to the highest bidder, for cash, at the court, bouse door, in the city of Cumber of Inc. to the highest bidder, for cash, at the court, bouse door, in the city of Clarks ville, in said accounty and State, on the 18th day of December 1865, and defend and attachment suit, or the same will be proceeded with at pure to a stake in the court house door, in the city of SHERIFF SALE.

BY virtue of two write of the Cumber of Inc. the court of Montgomery county. Tenne

SHERIFF SALE.

Tennesse.

Monday, the First day of January, 1866. a tract of land, in civil district, No. 19, and contains 228 acres, and bounded by the lands of B Corbain, John Dillin, E. Blake, and the Cumber.

land river.

O. M. BLACKMAN.

Deputy Sheriff Montgomery county.

Nov. 17, '65-4t-Prz. fee, \$4 00

SHERIFF SALE.

Allison, Anderson & Co., and John N. Jones, vs.

Allison, Anderson & Co., Russell & Sherrell, John

Darnell, vs. Jessee Smith. BY virtue of three writs of venditioni exponen which issued from the office of the Circuit Court of Montgomery county, Tennessee, to me directed, I will expose to sale and sell, to the highest bidder,

for each, at the court house door, in the city of Clarkaville, Tenn, on

To a 1 Justices of the Peace in Montgomery County:

IMPORTANT business requires your consideration, viz: The establishment of a Work-house; an agreement in relation to a Pest-house, and a Police or Patrol, in your several Districts in the County, if it can legally be exacted, is very much needed; the first and dead of the results of January, 1866.

Still house is now occupied by Higgins as a Tipling house.

Also all the interest Francis Dick has in a tract
of land lying in District No. 17. Montgomery co.,
issued from the office of the Circuit Court of Montsomery county, Tenn., I will expose to sale, and sell
door in the city of Clarkwille.

On Monday, the 1st day of January, 1866.

J. Neblett; levied on as the property of Francis Said house is now occupied by Higgins as a Tip

Also all the right, title claim and interest J. W. & Co., vs. Nathan Gilbert. Ryan has in and to a tract of land lying in Dis-BY virtue of five writs of venditioni expones, trict No. 15, Montgomery county, Tenn., and con-

J. B. Matbell and George H. Johnson, vs. Geo. L.

Marr.

BY virtue of two writs of venditioni exponass which issued from the office of the Circuit Court of Montgomery county, Tennessee, to me directed, I will expose to sale and sall, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the court house door, in the city of Clarksville.

Also one tract of land, levied on as the preparty of L. C. McCurdy, and coutains 130 acres, and bounded on the north by the lands of Mrs. Martha McCurdy, on the west by D. R. Hickerson and R. M. Crocket, on the south by the Dickson county line, and on the east by Martha McCurdy. This land is situated in District No. 16.

Also one tract of land, levied on as the preparty of R. B. Mickey and bounded.

On Monday, the First day of January, 1886, all the right, title and interest Geo. L. Marr has in and to an undivided tract of land, devised to him by the will of Harding P. Marr, deceased, it being the same tract upon which the said Harding P. Marr resided at the time of his death.

Also one tract of land in District No. 20, levied on as the property of R. B. Mickle, and bounded at follows on the north by the home of J. H. Marr being the same tract upon which the said Harding P. Marr resided at the time of his death.

Also one tract of land in District No. 20, levied on as the property of R. B. Mickle, and bounded as follows on the north by the home of J. H. Marr being the same tract upon which the said Harding P. Marr resided at the time of his death.

Also one tract of land in District No. 20, levied on as the property of R. B. Mickle, and bounded as follows on the north by the home of J. H. Marr being the same tract upon which the said Harding P. Marr resided at the time of his death.

Also one tract of land in District No. 20, levied on as the property of R. B. Mickle, and bounded to be a solution of R. B. Mickle, and bounded to the morth by the home of J. H. Marr being the same tract, and contains 24 acres.

Also the undivided interest D. Marr has in the property of R. B. Mickle, and bounded to the morth by the home of J. H. Marr being the property of R. B. Mickle, and bounded to the morth by the home of R. B. Mickle, and bounded to the morth by the home of R. B. Mickle, and bounded to the morth by the home of R. B. Mickle, and bounded to the morth by the home of R. B. Mickle, and bounded to the morth by the home of R. B. Mickle, and bounded to the morth by the home of R. B. Mickle, and bounded to the morth by the home of R. B. Mickle, and bounded to the morth by the home of R. B. Mickle, and bounded to the morth by the home of R. B. Mickle, and bounded to the morth by the home of R. B. Mickle, and bounded to the morth by the home of R. B. Mickle, and bounded to the morth by the home of R. B. Mickle, and b Also the undivided interest D. Marr has in the tract of land devised to him in the will of Harding P. Marr, dec'd, it being the same tract of land upon which Harding P. Marr lived at the time of

Also all the interest B. N. Hale has in the tract

SHERIFF SALE.

At Auction.

Allison, Anderson & Co., J. C. Dardeu & Co., Gardner & Co., vs. Robert Edmunson, et als.

BY virtue of eleven writs of canditioni exponse, in my hands which issued from the office of the Circuit Court of Montgomery county. Tennessee, I will expose to sale and sell to the highest bidder, for each, at the Court House door, in the city of Clarksville. Tennesse.

On Monday, the 1st day of January, 1866, Monday, the First day of January, 18-6, the Collection of Monday. On Monday, the 1st day of January, 1866, the following described property: one tract of land, locivil District, No. 19. Montgomery county, Tennessee, levied on as the property of B. Edmendson, and bounded as follows: on the North by the land of B. C. Felts, on the West by A. M. Rogers, decessed, South by Thomas Rogers and to the West by the Chizriotte road, and contains Three Hamired (1900) acres; also all the right, title and interest Thomas Mills has in the tract of land on which he now lives, and bounded as follows, on the North by lands of Edmondson and Roberts, on the West by t. C. Coke, on the South by D. Laughran and on the East by Win. Callan.

O: M. BLACKMAN.

SHERIFF SALE.

SHERIFF SALE. I SAT lands of Andrew Lyle, and contains 150 acres, and known as the Martin lands. Also, at his residence, one mile from Clarksville, on Friday, 1st day of December, 1865, I will offer J. B. Mathell and George H. Johnson, vs. Geo, L.

O. M. BLACKMAN,

that publication hereof be made in the Clarksville Chromele, a paper published in Clarksville afore, and, for four consucutive weeks prior to said day.

C. FAXON, J. P.;

ov. 17, 1805, 4t.—prs. foe—\$3.00.

A DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—All persons in the city of Clarksville, and bounded as follows: on the city of Clarksville, and bounded as follows: on the city of Clarksville, and bounded as follows: on the cast and west by the lands of Robb & Balley, on the porth by the lands of Robb & Balley, (hought of H. F. Beaumont), and an the South by the lands of W. H. Drane and James Merriwether, called a pay the same.

Not. 17, 1865 4w.

Not. 17, 1865 4w.

SHERIFF SALE.

SHERIFF SALE.

H. E. Pickett, James A. Spear for Levi Cooper, vs., 1806, all the right, title, claim and interest that J. O. /Shackelford has in and to a house and lot as house and lot in the city of Clarksville, and follows: on the east and west by the lands of G. A. Henry, on the porth by the lands of Robb & Balley, (hought of H. F. Beaumont), and an the South by D. H. Duncan, as don't by the lands of W. H. Drane and James Merriwether, on the lands of W. H. Drane and James Merriwether, on the west by Randle Moore, and as the south by D. H. Duncan, as don't as a serve.

Nov. 17, 1865 4w.

Nov. 17, 1865 4w.

Nov. 17, 1865 4w.

Nov. 17, 1865 4w.